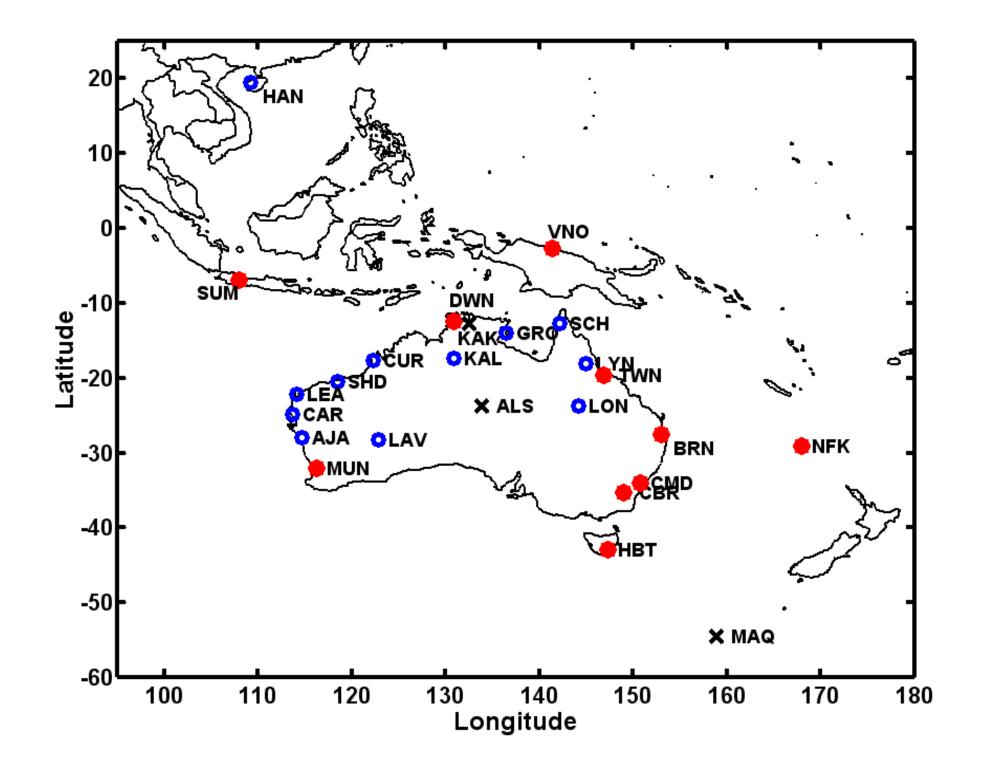
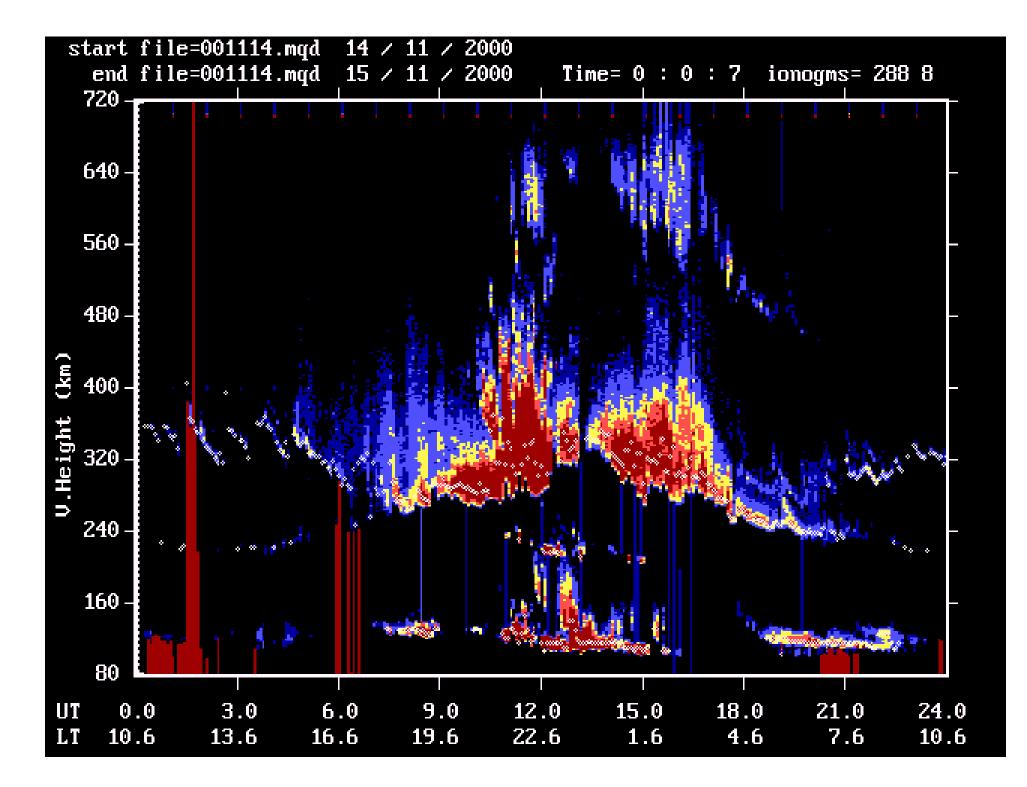
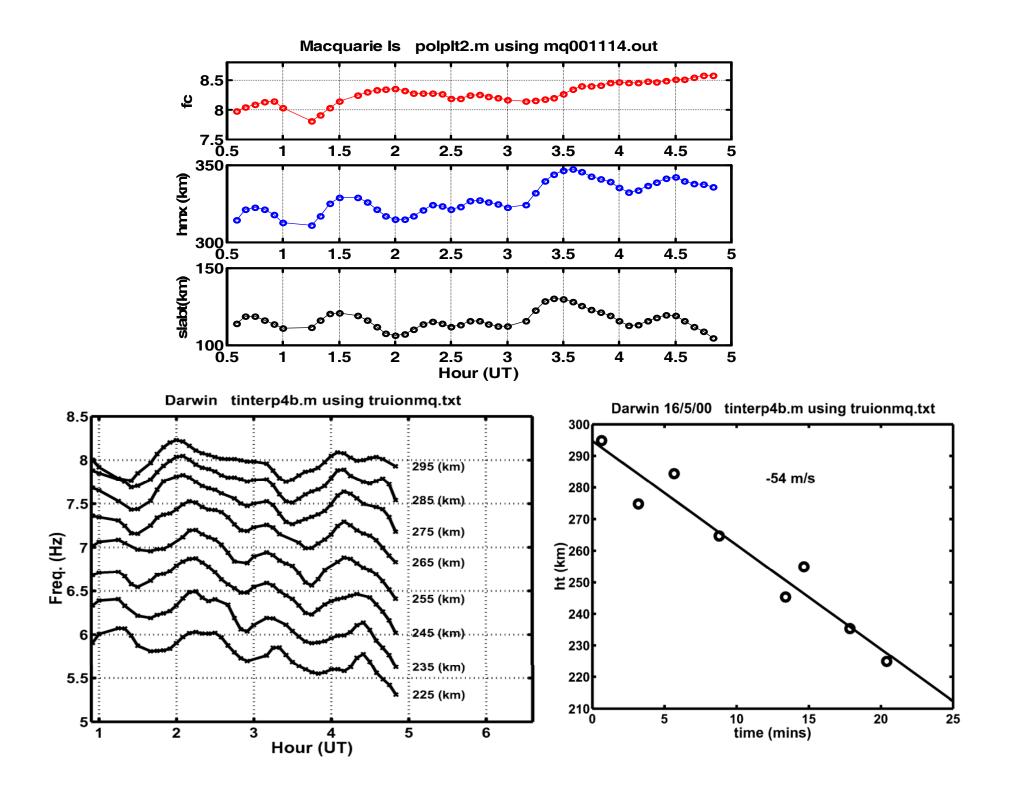
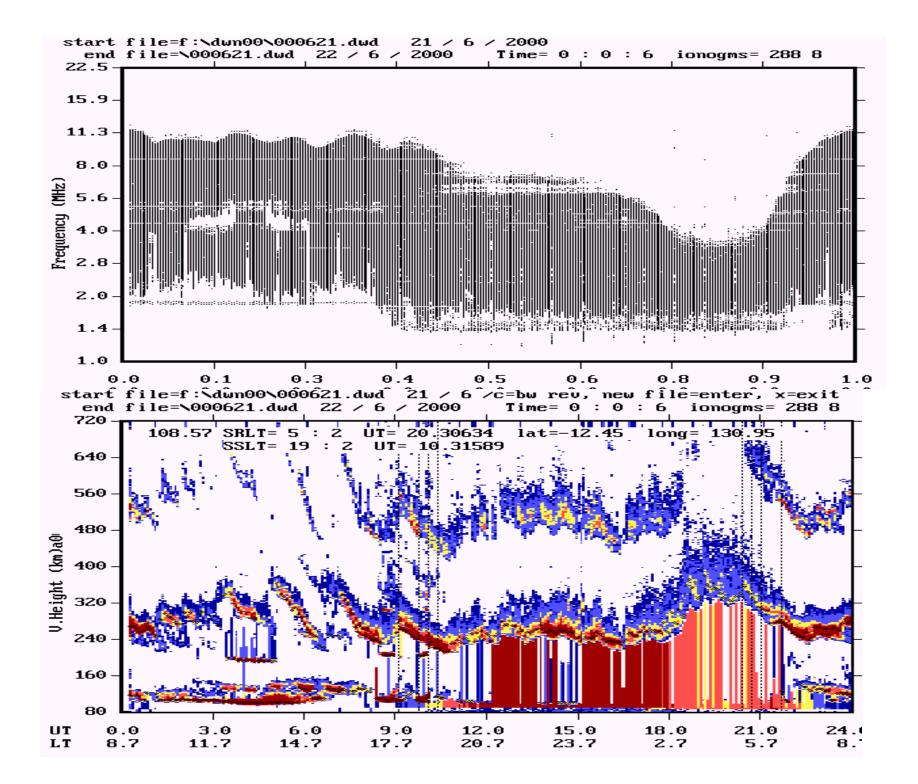
Sources of lonospheric Variation K.J.W. Lynn Ionospheric Systems Research 38 Goodchap St., Noosaville 4566 Australia Email: kenjwlynn@bigpond.com

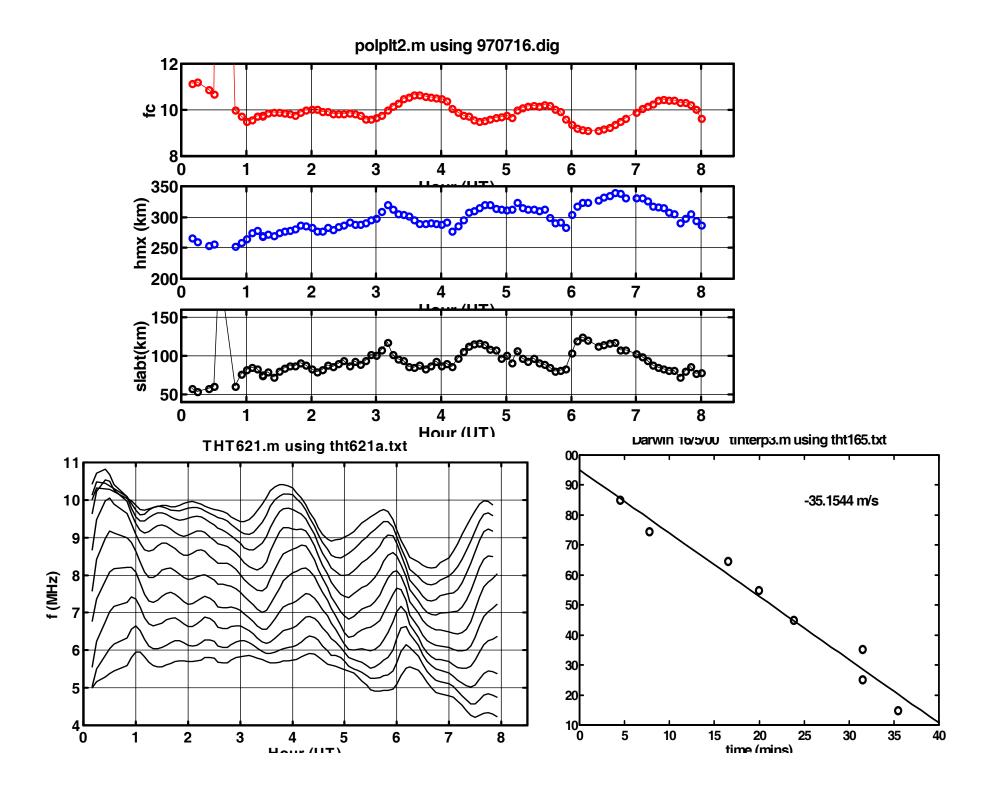


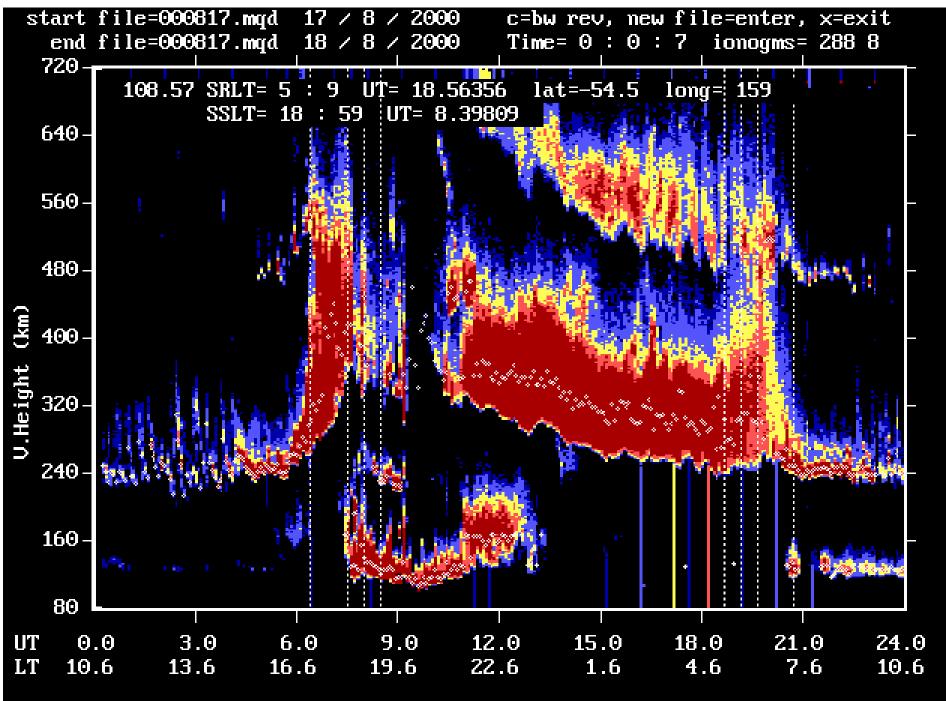
Macquarie Island Ionosonde TIDs



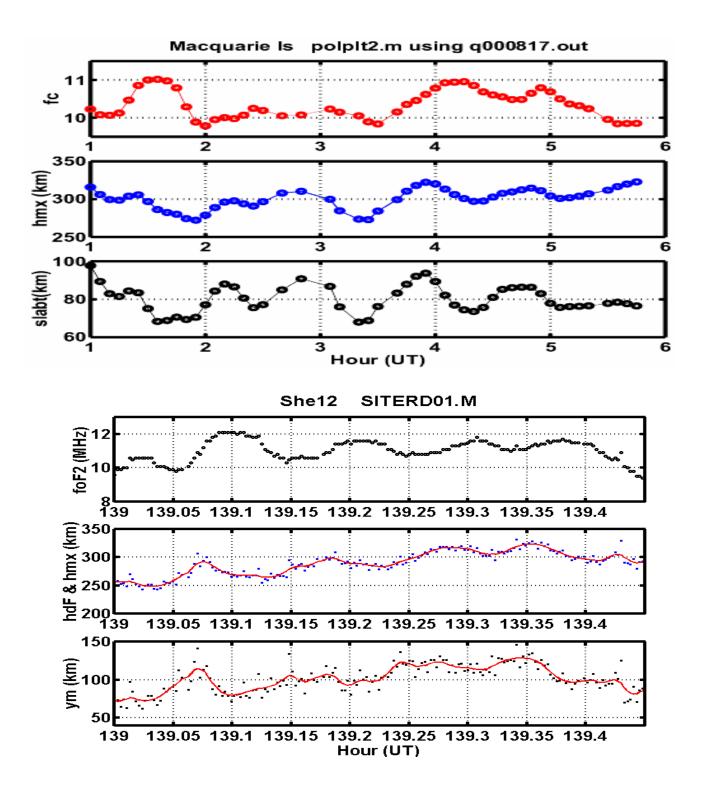


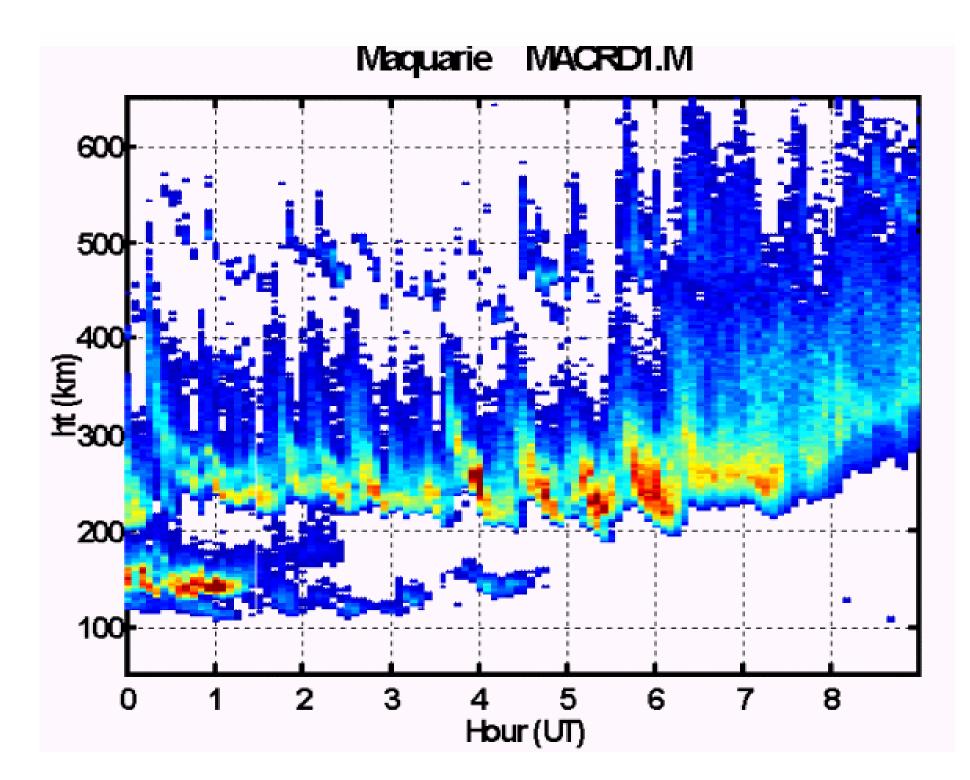






Day





VeryLarge Scale Atmospheric Disturbance Night 23 May 2002 day143 Iaunched from TIGER coverage zone

JASTP "Large Scale Travelling Atmospheric Disturbances in the Night Ionosphere during the Solar-Terrestrial Event of 23 May 2002" in press.

K. J. W. Lynn Ionospheric Systems Research, 38 Goodchap St, Noosaville, Queensland 4566, Australia R. Gardiner-Garden Defence Science and Technology Organisation, Edinburgh, South Australia M.Sjarifudin National Institute for Aeronautics and Space (LAPAN), Bandung, Indonesia M Terkildsen

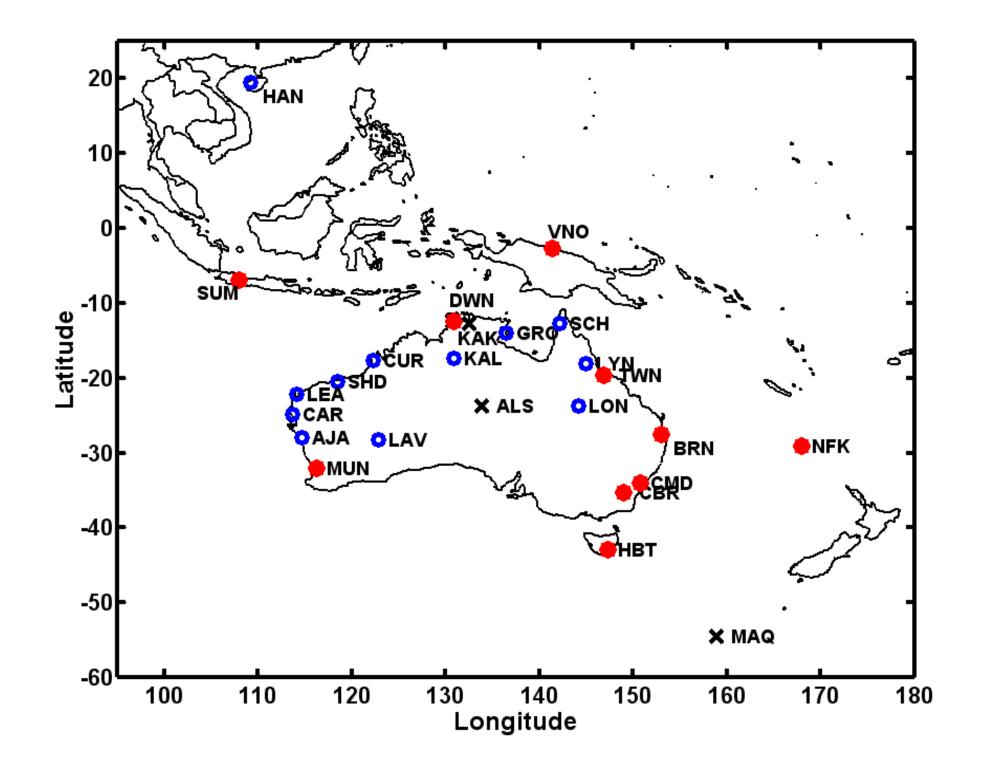
IPS Radio & Space Services, Haymarket, New South Wales

J.Shi

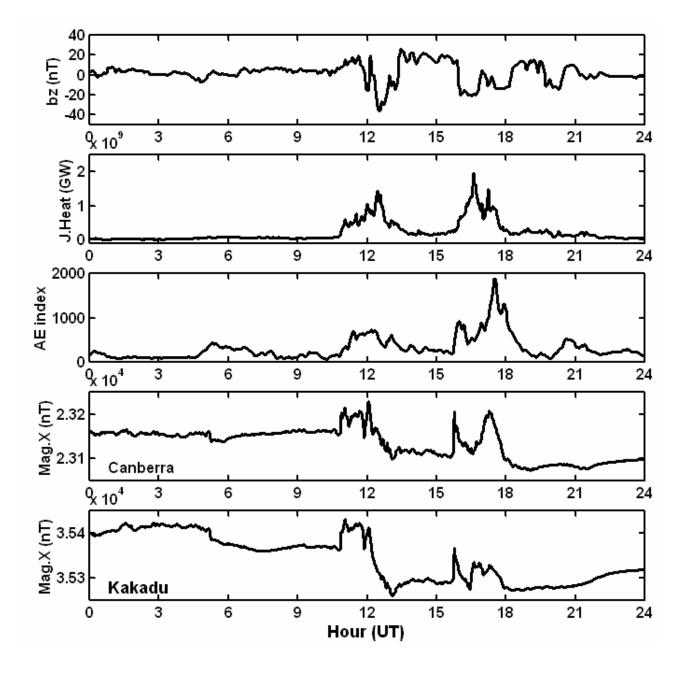
Center for Space Science and Applied Research, Chinese Academy of Sciences.Beijing

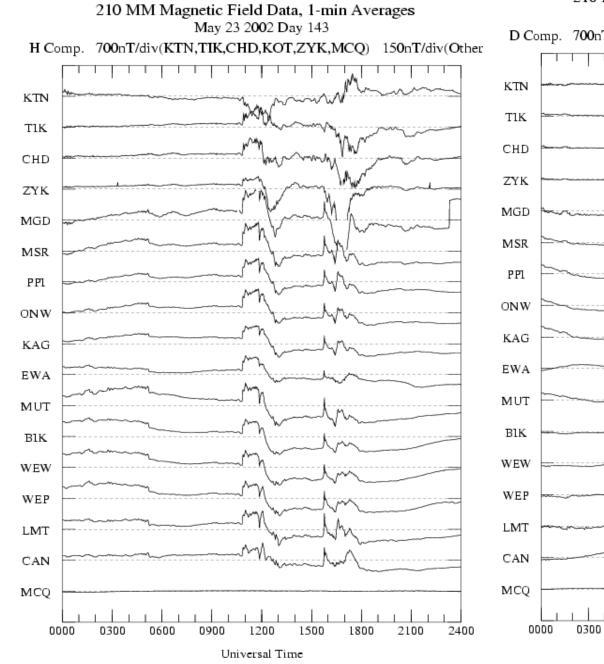
## T. J. Harris

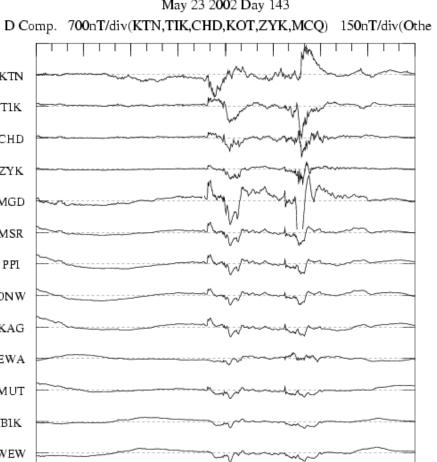
Defence Science and Technology Organisation, Edinburgh, South Australia



23 May 2002 day143 LTID? event







2100

1800

2400

210 MM Magnetic Field Data, 1-min Averages May 23 2002 Day 143

10plot Thu Oct 9 14:31:09 2003

)plot Thu Oct 9 14:31:10 2003

0600

0900

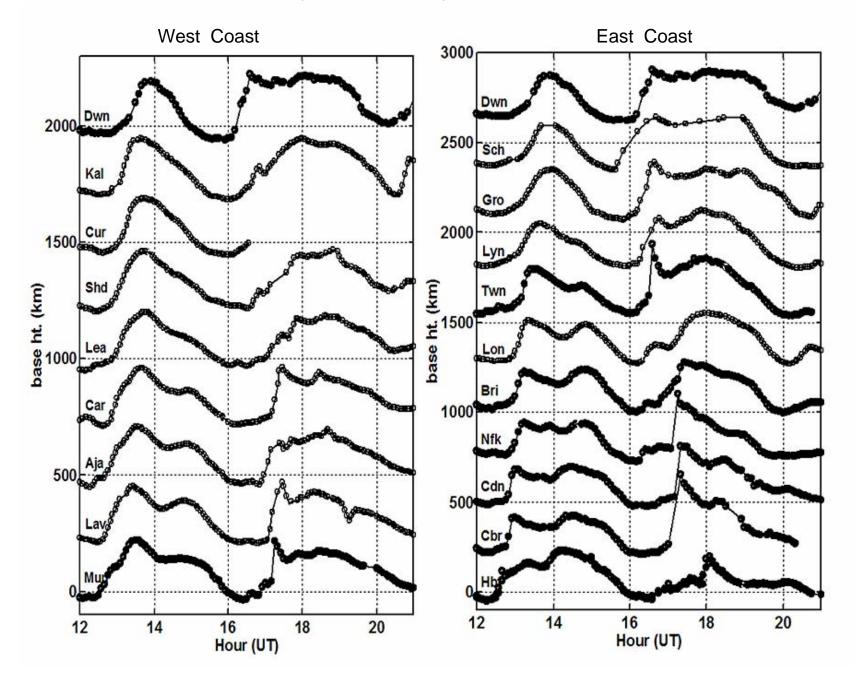
1200

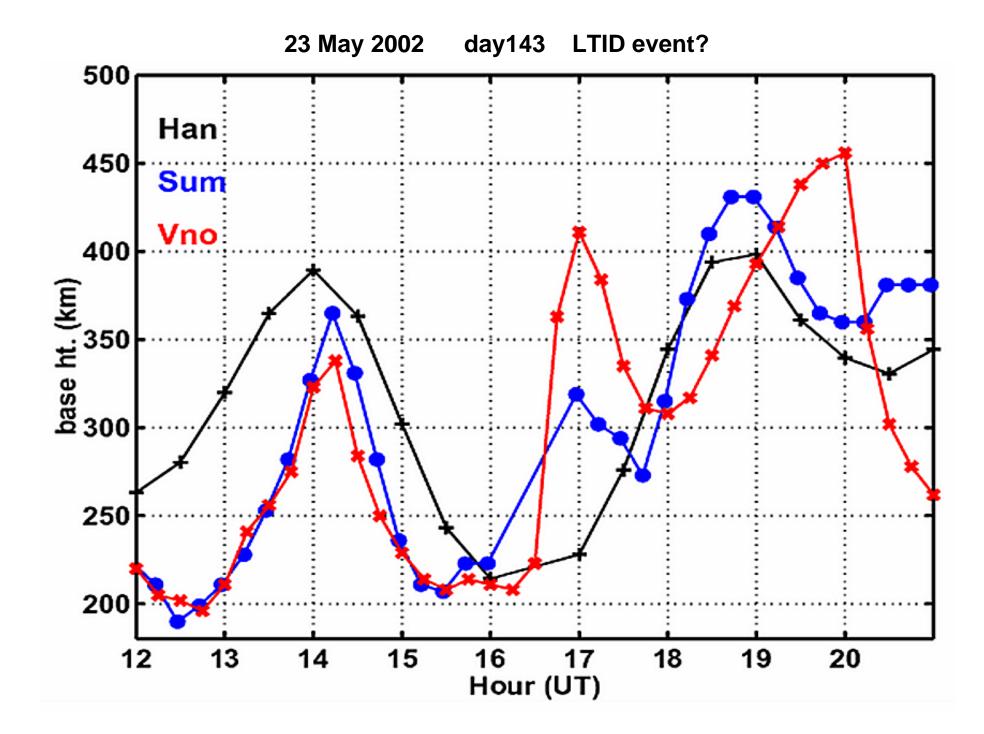
Universal Time

1500

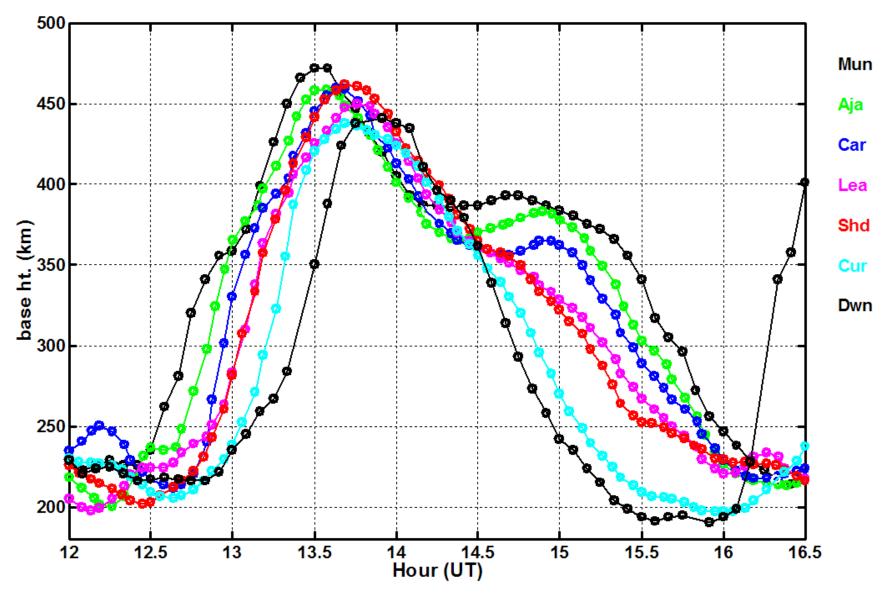
23 May 2002

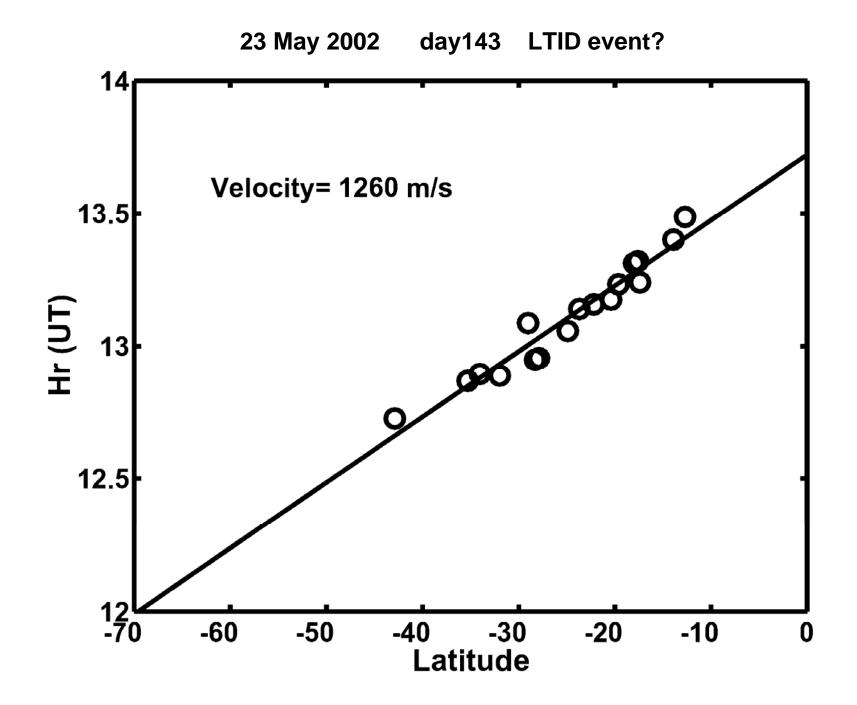
day143 LTID event?

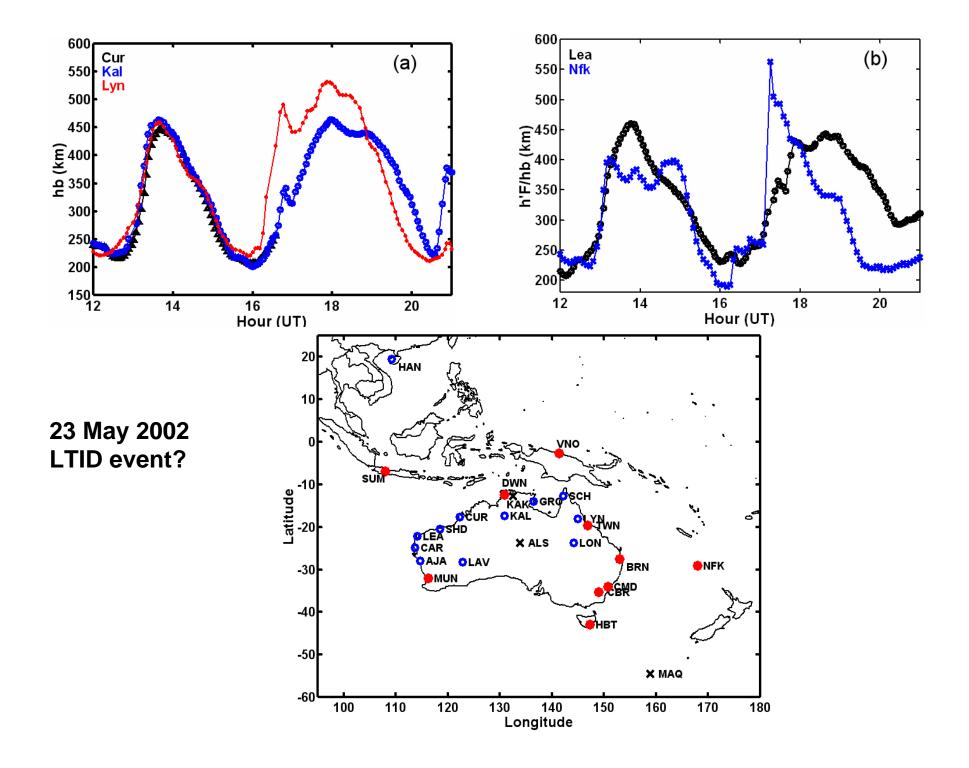


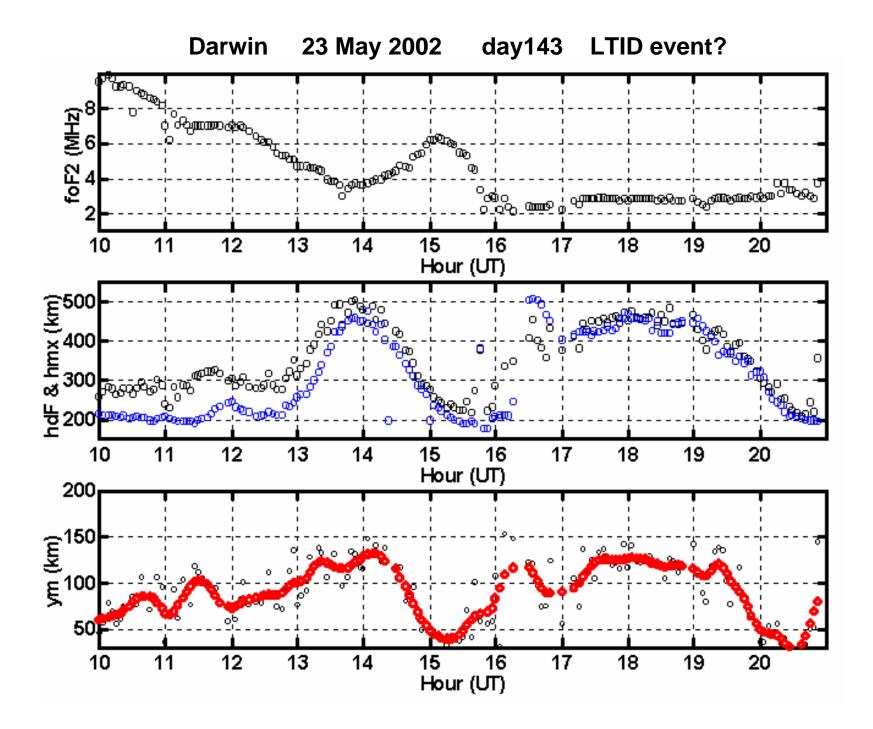


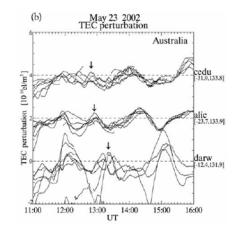
23 May 2002 day143 LTID event?

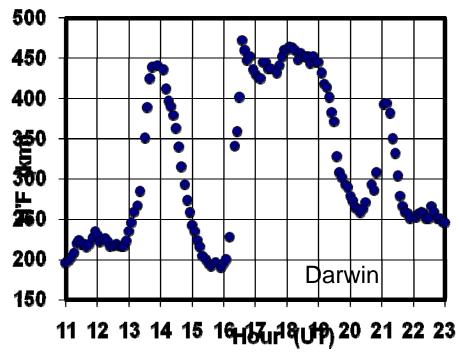


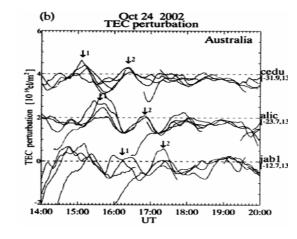


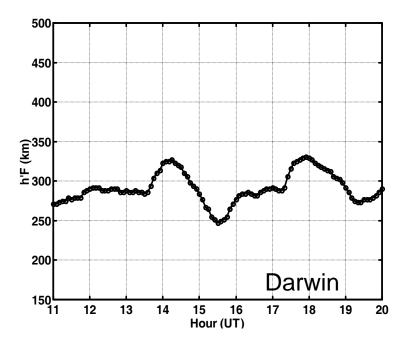


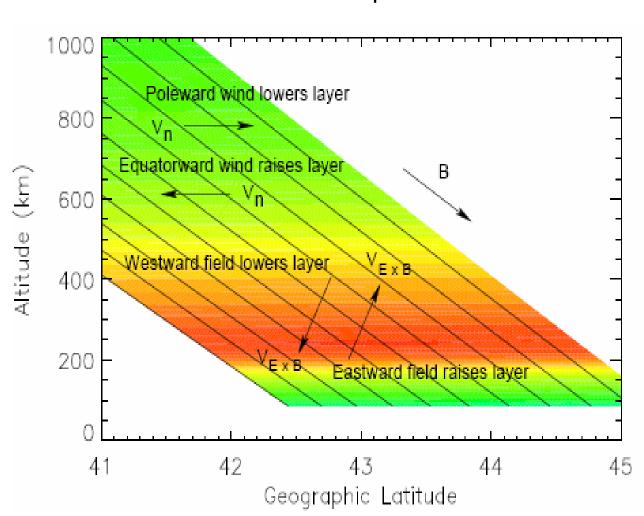












Simulation Study of a Positive Ionospheric Storm Phase Observed at Millstone Hill Authors: <u>M. Swisdak</u>, <u>J. D. Huba</u>, <u>G. Joyce</u>, <u>Chao-Song Huang</u> Comments: Submitted for publication in GRL

Figure 1. Schematic of the effects of neutral winds and electric fields on the midlatitude ionosphere. The colors merely suggest the variation of the density ith altitude and do not represent the simulations.

## **Conclusions**

## **Gravity Waves**

- 1. TIDs with 45-80 minute periods common wave train day form high to low latitudes
- 2. TIDs with 45-80 minute periods have foF2 and hmx variations out of phase
- 3. TIDs with 45-80 minute periods have hmx and sub-peak parabolic thickness varying in phase.

## Auroral sourced Very Large Scale TIDS

- 1. Have same relationships between foF2, hmx and subpeak parabolic thickness as for gravity wave TIDs. A generic relation.
- 2. At maximum, lifted the whole night ionosphere from the source to low-latitudes