# High spatial resolution observations of ionospheric convection in the midnight sector during the growth of a geomagnetic storm

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# Overview

Introduction to 7<sup>th</sup> January 2005 1000 - 1400UT

Interplanetary Magnetic Field

• AE Index

Map Potential

Review of Map Potential

Modifications to Map Potential

• The 7<sup>th</sup> January 2005 1000 - 1400UT event in detail

Flow Stagnation

Harang "Banana"

• Harang "Banana" Compression

- Large Scale Flow Vortex
- Auroral Eastward Flow Channel
- Auroral Westward Flow Channel
- Summary and Questions

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  - Harang "Banana"
  - Harang "Banana" Compression
  - Large Scale Flow Vortex
  - A-woral Festward Flow Channel
  - Auroral Westward Flow Channel

# Summary of IMF and Geomagnetic Conditions

- IMF B<sub>z</sub>, B<sub>y</sub>, B<sub>x</sub>
- IMF clock angle and E-Field
- IMF solar wind speed
- Polar Cap Potential (Map Potential analysis)
- AU and AL Index
- Macquarie Is. Magnetometer
- DST and SYM-H Index



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• Geotail-MGF instrument located sunward between bow-shock and magnetopause  $(x_{GSE} \sim 10R_E, y_{GSE} \sim 25R_E \text{ and } z_{GSE} \sim 5R_E)$ 



• The IMF is fairly stable, with moderate variation, 0 - 5nT, until approximately 0600UT

From 0600UT onward, a magnetic cloud begins to perturb prevailing IMF

• We zoom in to the time interval 1000 – 1400UT



• Two intervals, 1015 – 1106UT and 1226 – 1238UT, where the IMF component Bz is negative (red curve) and By is positive (blue curve)



• And the interval 1106 – 1226UT has the component Bz positive (red curve) and By positive (blue curve)



• AU index (black curve) and AL (blue curve) over a time interval of two days, the 7<sup>th</sup> and 8<sup>th</sup> of January





 Interval of minor magnetospheric activity preceding an interval of successive major substorms, -1750nT





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#### Zooming into 1000 – 1400UT period of minor intensifications



Three geomagnetic intensifications in AL-;
1107 – 1118UT, 1158 – 1211UT and 1253 - 1314UT



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# **Review of current Map Potential analysis**

Map Potential Technique [Ruohoniemi and Baker, 1986]

 Radar range-gate line-of-sight velocity vectors spatially, 3 x 3 cell , and temporally, 2 min interval previous and next, averaged (media filter)

 The new velocity vector is then gridded based on 1° latitude spacing with longitude set to square the cells, approximating 111x111km cells in horizontal plane



 Map potential shows large scale vortex in the pre-midnight sector

 More detail required to define spatial extent and velocity of westward edge



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 Modified Map potential grids data into
 ~ 1 x 1 km grid

 Radar range gate median filtering NOT modified

 All radar range gates are gridded



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- Modified Map
   potential grids data into
   ~ 1 x 1 km grid
- Radar range gate median filtering NOT modified
- All radar range gates are gridded
- Potential contours are defined by all the radar range gate data



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 potential grids data into
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All radar range gates are gridded



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 Flow stagnation begins with the first negative increase in AL- index, 1030UT, and diminishes towards the first substorm

Plasma flow stagnation directly related to substorm onset



 TIGER radars ideally located in the premidnight sector, and provide excellent back-scatter data



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 A Harang Discontinuity stretches the dawn potential convection cell between 1118UT and 1242UT





A Harang discontinuity condition causes
"Banana-ing" of the dawn convection cell



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#### "Pinching off" of the Harang "Banana"

• An example of "Pinching-off" of the Harang "Banana" at 1126UT • Contour separation at the tip of the stretched convection cell



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 A convection cell circulation forms in the pre-midnight sector, over the time interval 1156UT to 1230UT





 A plasma circulation vortex forms in the

pre-midnight sector, and travels towards dawn over 30min



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pre-midnight sector, and travels towards dawn over 30min

![](_page_43_Figure_4.jpeg)

 A plasma circulation vortex forms in the

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![](_page_44_Figure_4.jpeg)

 A plasma circulation vortex forms in the

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![](_page_45_Figure_4.jpeg)

 A plasma circulation vortex forms in the

pre-midnight sector, and travels towards dawn over 30min

![](_page_46_Figure_4.jpeg)

 Increase in the SAPS stream flow intensity, pre-midnight, on the equatorward edge of the dawn potential convection cell

 An intensification, 800 - 1000ms<sup>-1</sup>, in the plasma flow velocity occurred between 1130UT and 1146UT

![](_page_47_Figure_3.jpeg)

![](_page_47_Picture_4.jpeg)

An Auroral Westward Flow Channel forms 2100MLT
It is located

67°MLat and is 2-3°MLat wide

![](_page_48_Figure_4.jpeg)

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![](_page_49_Figure_4.jpeg)

An Auroral
 Westward Flow
 Channel forms
 2100MLT

It is located
67°MLat and is
2-3°MLat wide

![](_page_50_Figure_4.jpeg)

An Auroral
 Westward Flow
 Channel forms
 2100MLT

It is located
67°MLat and is
2-3°MLat wide

![](_page_51_Figure_4.jpeg)

An Auroral
Westward Flow
Channel forms
2100MLT

It is located
67°MLat and is
2-3°MLat wide

![](_page_52_Figure_4.jpeg)

 Between 1206UT and 1236UT an Auroral Eastward Flow Channel manifests on the poleward edge of the Harang "Banana" within the TIGER radar field of view

![](_page_53_Figure_2.jpeg)

• Beam swinging shows an Auroral Eastward Flow Channel from 1206UT to 1236UT in the premidnight sector at 68° Latitude

![](_page_54_Figure_2.jpeg)

Beam swinging shows an Auroral Eastward Flow Channel from 1206UT to 1236UT in the premidnight sector at 68° Latitude

![](_page_55_Figure_2.jpeg)

![](_page_56_Figure_2.jpeg)

![](_page_57_Figure_2.jpeg)

![](_page_58_Figure_2.jpeg)

![](_page_59_Figure_2.jpeg)

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# **Summary & Questions**

![](_page_61_Figure_1.jpeg)

- TIGER observations of the 7<sup>th</sup> January 2005 1000UT to 1400UT showed fantastic details of phenomena associated with a Harang discontinuity "Banana-ing" of the convection cells
- Modifying was useful in exploring and understanding the details of these phenomena, the "Pinching off" of the harang "Banana", the effects of a plasma flow vortex and the discovery of an AEFC